

US2020279585 (A1)

Bibliografische gegevens

Beschrijving

Conclusies

Afbeeldingen

Origineel document

Cited documents

Citing documents

INPADOC statusgegevens

INPADOC familiegegevens

Korte helptekst

- [What is meant by high quality text as facsimile?](#)
- [Wat betekent A1, A2, A3 of B achter een publicatienummer?](#)
- [What happens if I click on "In my patents list"?](#)
- [Welke informatie vind ik als ik op de link "Europees Register" klik?](#)
- [Waarom zijn enkele menu-opties niet voor alle publicaties beschikbaar?](#)
- [How can I bookmark this page?](#)
- [Waarom verschijnt er soms een lijst van documenten met de titel "Ook gepubliceerd als" en wat zijn dit voor documenten?](#)
- [Waarom krijg ik soms de samenvatting van een overeenkomstig document te zien?](#)
- [What happens if I click on the red "patent translate" button?](#)
- [What is Global Dossier?](#)

Bibliografische gegevens: US2020279585 (A1) — 2020-09-03

★ In mijn octrooilijst Meld fout in gegevens

Print

System and Method for Testing for COVID-19

Rechter muisklik om favoriet te maken [US2020279585 \(A1\) - System and Method for Testing for COVID-19](#)

Uitvinder(s): ROTHSCHILD RICHARD A [GB] ±

Aanvrager(s): ROTHSCHILD RICHARD A [GB] ±

Classificatie: - internationaal: [G06K9/00](#); [G11B27/031](#); [G11B27/10](#); [G16H40/63](#); [H04N5/76](#); [H04N9/82](#)

- cooperative: [G06K9/00892 \(US\)](#); [G11B27/031 \(US\)](#); [G11B27/10 \(US\)](#); [G11B27/102 \(US\)](#); [G16H40/63 \(EP, US\)](#); [G16H40/67 \(EP\)](#); [G16H50/20 \(EP\)](#); [H04N5/76 \(EP, US\)](#); [H04N9/8205 \(EP, US\)](#); [G06K2009/00939 \(US\)](#)

Aanvraagnummer: US202016876114 20200517 [Global Dossier](#)

Prioriteitsnummer(s): US202016876114 20200517 ; [US201916704844 20191205](#) ; [US201916273141 20190211](#) ; [US201715495485 20170424](#) ; [US201615293211 20161013](#) ; [US201562240783P 20151013](#)

Samenvatting van US2020279585 (A1)

Vertaal deze tekst

Nederlands

patenttranslate powered by EPO and Google

A method is provided for acquiring and transmitting biometric data (e.g., vital signs) of a user, where the data is analyzed to determine whether the user is suffering from a viral infection, such as COVID-19. The method includes using a pulse oximeter to acquire at least pulse and blood oxygen saturation percentage, which is transmitted wirelessly to a smartphone. To ensure that the data is accurate, an accelerometer within the smartphone is used to measure movement of the smartphone and/or the user. Once accurate data is acquired, it is uploaded to the cloud (or host), where the data is used (alone or together with other vital signs) to determine whether the user is suffering from (or likely to suffer from) a viral infection, such as COVID-19. Depending on the specific requirements, the data, changes thereto, and/or the determination can be used to alert medical staff and take corresponding actions.